Be an #Excellent Historian

What could you do this week to improve your historical knowledge and understanding?

Watch



Read



Listen



https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clipsvideo/history-ks2-ve-day/z7xtmfr

BBC Video explains what VE Day is and how it came about.

https://www.edarabia.com/ve-day/
This week in the news 1945
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6AC2vzAA5N8
VE Day in 1945 – in colour

https://www.bbc.co.uk/newsround/48201749
CBBC website giving information and pictures
https://www.iwm.org.uk/history/what-youneed-to-know-about-ve-day
Imperial War Museum VE information

https://soundcloud.com/now-press-play/ww2
A taster of being an evacuee during WW2
https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/school-radio/historyks2-world-war-2-clips-index/zjc8cqt
The most popular wartime songs

Key Questions to Explore

- What does VE mean?
- What brought about VE Day? (How did it happen and who made it happen?
- How did people celebrate VE Day around the world?
- Did VE Day mean WWII was over?
- Was everybody happy on 8th May 1945 – can you explain your understanding.
- Why do you think people still celebrate VE day 75 years on? Is it important and why?

Activities

Choose one or more activities to demonstrate your understanding and celebrate 75 years on from VE Day

- Organise your own VE Day party at home decorate with homemade bunting and flags, cook traditional recipes, learn to dance and listen to music of the day (see ideas attached)
- Get arty! You could produce your own victory inspired artwork look at some of the greats such as LS Lowry herehttps://artuk.org/discover/artworks/ve-day-84993
- Write a newspaper article from the 8th
 May 1945. Imagine you were reporting at
 the time. What would the atmosphere be
 like what were the facts!

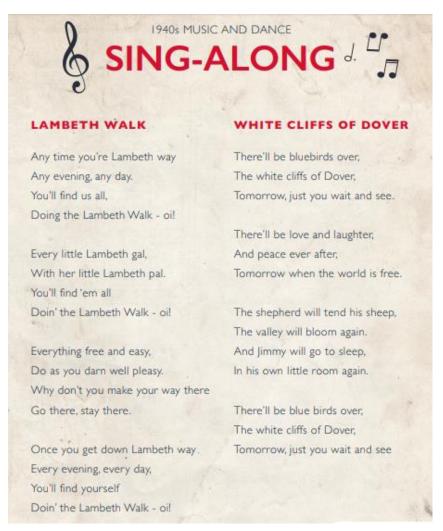
VE DAY - 75 Years On

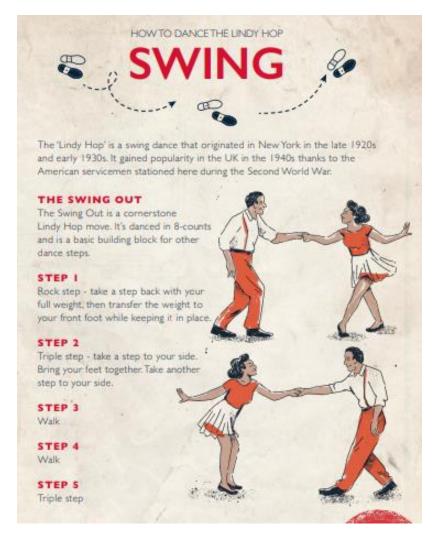


VE Day Party Ideas

In May 1945 Germany surrendered to the Allies and, after six long years of fighting, the war in Europe came to an end. Millions of people up and down the country greeted the news with bonfires, bunting, parades and parties, and there was singing and dancing in the streets. Due to our current situation we're not able to party together but these ideas might help you recreate your own VE

Day celebration at your home or in your garden this bank holiday – Friday 8th May.





Why not try your hand at some baking for your VE Day Party with these 1940's inspired recipes

Cheese Swirls

Ingredients

12oz / 340g of plain flour

4oz / 115g margarine

4oz / 115g mature cheddar cheese

2 eggs (7tbsp of dried eggs)

1 tsp of dried mustard powder

Pinch of salt and pepper

3 tsp of dried yeast



Method

- 1. Mix together the flour, mustard powder and yeast in a large bowl.
- 2. Break up the margarine and rub into the dry mixture, then add the grated cheese.
- 3. Mix in the egg and knead until the dough is formed.
- 4. Flour the surface and rolling pin. Roll out the dough until it is approximately 1cm thick in an oblong shape.
- 5. Roll it up like a long swiss roll and slice along to make approximately 30 whirls.
- 6. Place the whirls on a greased baking tray and brush with a little milk to glaze.
- 7. Place in an oven at gas mark 6 / 200°C for 12 15 minutes.

Carrot Scones

Ingredients

12 tbsp of self raising flour and 1 tsp of baking powder

2 tbsp margarine

4 tbsp sugar

8 tbsp grated carrot

I tsp vanilla essence

Raspberry jam

Method

- 1. Preheat oven to gas mark 6 / 200°C.
- 2. Beat butter and sugar together until they are light and creamed.
- 3. Add in the grated carrot a bit at a time.
- 4. Add in the vanilla essence.
- 5. Slowly add the sifted flour in and keep beating the mixture until you are left with a sticky carrot freckled dough.
- 6. Pinch a small amount of mixture and roll together in your hands until you have approximately 12 scones.
- 7. Place on a baking tray and sprinkle with sugar.
- 8. Cook for approximately 20 minutes.
- 9. Once cooled, serve with raspberry jam.

Ginger Beer

Ingredients

4.5 litres of boiled water

450g sugar

14g yeast

1 level tsp ground ginger

1 level tsp cream of tartar

Method

- 1. Put your yeast in a large container with 280ml water and 1 tsp of sugar. Stir and leave to stand until the yeast rises.
- 2. Put the boiled water, sugar, ginger and cream of tartar into a jug. Once the water is lukewarm stir in the yeast.
- 3. Leave to stand until cool then skim well and bottle. It will be ready to drink in 2 days.



Games and activities

Crack out traditional games such as cards, marbles, dice and jacks to bring everyone together.

Here's some other games popular in the 1940's to get you active and playing together:

Two balls up the wall

Start slowly and hold two balls in your hands and threw them up against the wall one by one and carefully catch them. Once confident you could add another ball then another. You could let one bounce, throw another under one leg. The combinations are endless!

Hopscotch

Use some chalk and make a hopscotch grid. Number the squares from one to nine. Pick a small stone or beanbag that is good for tossing. Start by tossing the rock onto Square 1. Hop over the rock and hop with a single foot or both feet (to follow the hopscotch pattern) all the way to the end. Turn around and come back, stopping on Square 2. Balancing on one foot, pick up the rock in Square 1 and hop over Square 1 to the start. Continue this pattern with Square 2. And so on. If you toss your rock and miss the correct square, your turn is over. This game can be played with any number of people, but only one person can go at a time.

Blind Man's Bluff

A favourite game in Tudor and Victorian times and still popular in the 1940's, this game is yet another variation on tag. The person who is "it" wears a blindfold and tries to tag the other players. Be sure to play this in an area safe from obstructions and other hazards.